

KazTransOil JSC

Interim condensed separate
financial statements (unaudited)

30 June 2013

CONTENTS

Independent auditors' report on review of interim condensed separate financial statements

Interim condensed separate financial statements (unaudited)

Interim separate statement of financial position	1-2
Interim separate statement of comprehensive income.....	3
Interim separate statement of cash flows.....	4-5
Interim separate statement of changes in equity	6
Notes to the interim condensed separate financial statements	7-23

Report on review of the interim condensed separate financial statements

To the shareholders of KazTransOil JSC

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed separate financial statements of KazTransOil JSC ("the Company") as at 30 June 2013 which comprise the interim separate statement of financial position as at 30 June 2013 and the related interim separate statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended and explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed separate financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting (IAS 34). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed separate financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed separate financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

Ernst & Young LLP

Aisulu Narbayeva
Auditor

Auditor Qualification Certificate No. 0000137
dated 21 October 1994

5 August 2013



Gulmira Turmagambetova
Deputy General Director
Ernst & Young LLP

State Audit License for audit activities on the
territory of the Republic of Kazakhstan: series
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on 15 July 2005

INTERIM SEPARATE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

		As of	
<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	Note	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	326,122,673	335,980,903
Intangible assets	5	1,183,713	1,298,765
Investments in subsidiaries	6	28,208,864	28,208,864
Investments in joint ventures	7	7,404,945	7,404,945
Advances to suppliers for property, plant and equipment	8	814,603	345,647
Bank deposits	14	520,218	—
Other non-current assets		126,702	130,805
		364,381,718	373,369,929
Current assets			
Inventories	9	3,457,839	1,879,555
Trade and other accounts receivable	10	4,116,804	2,053,351
Advances to suppliers	11	1,188,618	375,341
Prepayment for corporate income tax		—	1,580,002
VAT recoverable and other prepaid taxes	12	75,862	116,264
Other current assets	13	2,310,308	4,336,823
Bank deposits	14	53,772,392	53,084,676
Cash and cash equivalents	15	58,197,648	18,132,360
		123,119,471	81,558,372
Assets classified as held for sale		473,489	29,299
		123,592,960	81,587,671
TOTAL ASSETS		487,974,678	454,957,600

INTERIM SEPARATE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

		As of	
<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	Note	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital	16	61,937,567	61,937,567
Asset revaluation reserve		113,058,278	117,159,149
Other reserves		17,169	17,169
Retained earnings		189,958,477	181,317,317
Total equity		364,971,491	360,431,202
Non-current liabilities			
Financial guarantee issued on behalf of joint ventures		—	199,654
Employee benefits liability		6,823,646	6,562,263
Provision on asset retirement obligation	21	16,204,606	15,531,037
Deferred tax liabilities		34,704,260	36,501,154
Deferred income	17	416,487	572,670
		58,148,999	59,366,778
Current liabilities			
Employee benefits liability		224,967	238,000
Trade and other accounts payable	18	4,253,381	6,545,665
Advances received	19	14,927,174	15,953,963
Dividends payable		28,847,670	—
Corporate income tax payable		5,488,432	—
Other taxes payable	20	1,598,486	877,961
Provisions	21	179,556	179,291
Other current liabilities	22	9,334,522	11,364,740
		64,854,188	35,159,620
Total liabilities		123,003,187	94,526,398
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		487,974,678	454,957,600

The accounting policy and explanatory notes on pages 7 through 23 form an integral part of these interim condensed separate financial statements.

General Director



Kabyldin K.M.

Chief Accountant



Akhmedina A.S.

INTERIM SEPARATE STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	Note	For the six months ended 30 June	
		2013	2012
		(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Revenue	23	82,374,712	57,305,118
Cost of sales	24	(39,927,659)	(38,130,018)
Gross profit		42,447,053	19,175,100
General and administrative expenses	25	(3,741,030)	(3,795,291)
Other operating income	26	1,686,945	571,326
Other operating expenses		(69,136)	(160,677)
Impairment of investments in subsidiaries		-	(280,212)
Reversal / (charge) of impairment of property, plant and equipment	4	(38,444)	(895)
Operating profit		40,285,388	15,509,351
Net foreign exchange (loss)/ gain		(33,553)	49,124
Finance income	27	2,147,285	1,040,930
Finance costs	28	(670,306)	(88,862)
Profit before tax		41,728,814	16,510,543
Income tax expense	29	(8,335,755)	(3,259,590)
Profit for the period		33,393,059	13,250,953
Other comprehensive income			
Revaluation of property, plant and equipment	4	1,357	-
Income tax effect		(272)	-
		1,085	-
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	4	(7,731)	(119)
Income tax effect		1,546	24
		(6,185)	(95)
Total other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax		(5,100)	(95)
Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax		33,387,959	13,250,858

The accounting policy and explanatory notes on pages 7 through 23 form an integral part of these interim condensed separate financial statements.

General Director



Kabyldin K.M.

Akhmedina A.S.

Chief Accountant

INTERIM SEPARATE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	Note	For the six months ended 30 June	
		2013	2012
		(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit before income tax		41,728,814	16,510,543
Non-cash adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:			
Depreciation and amortization	24, 25	13,679,061	13,046,584
Allowance for doubtful debts	25	26,401	29,357
Finance costs		670,306	88,862
Finance income		(2,147,285)	(1,040,930)
Employee benefits	24, 25	230,000	148,001
Provisions	21	45,467	179,969
Loss/ (income) on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net		1,210	19,578
Income from disposal of assets held for sale	26	(84,650)	—
(Reversal)/ charge of impairment of property plant and equipment		38,444	895
Impairment of other assets		—	280,212
Income from write-off of payables		(1,261)	(2,335)
Amortization of deferred income	26	(156,182)	(156,182)
Write-off of VAT recoverable	25	133,508	108,205
Amortization of financial guarantee issued on behalf of joint ventures	26	(26,463)	(68,278)
De-recognition of financial guarantees	26	(177,743)	—
Unrealized foreign exchange loss/(gain)		115,738	(32,687)
Reversal of provision for slow-moving and obsolete inventories	25	(4,456)	(1,861)
Operating cash flows before working capital changes:		54,070,909	29,109,933
Changes in inventories		(1,564,934)	(2,459,411)
Changes in trade and other accounts receivable		(2,089,884)	(1,310,849)
Changes in advances to suppliers		(813,247)	(203,914)
Changes in taxes recoverable and other current assets		1,821,873	3,586,437
Changes in trade and other accounts payable		(1,111,237)	(384,478)
Changes in advances received		(1,026,789)	(1,999,754)
Changes in taxes payable		720,525	(297,719)
Changes in other current, non-current liabilities and employee benefits		(2,218,290)	(4,030,568)
Cash generated from operating activities		47,788,926	20,009,677
Income tax paid		(2,931,193)	(3,092,340)
Interest received		878,564	764,267
Net cash flow from operating activities		45,736,297	19,681,604

INTERIM SEPARATE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

		For the six months ended 30 June	
		2013	2012
<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	Note	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Withdrawal of term deposits		36,000,000	23,000,000
Placement of term deposits		(36,520,218)	(9,600,000)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(5,603,757)	(11,290,214)
Purchase of intangible assets		(143,031)	(101,125)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets		28,465	—
Proceeds from assets held for sale		113,948	—
Dividends received		453,584	—
Repayment of loans provided to related parties		—	189,858
Net cash flow used in financing activities		(5,671,009)	2,198,519
Net cash flow from financing activities		—	—
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		40,065,288	21,880,123
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	15	18,132,360	19,833,356
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	15	58,197,648	41,713,479

NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

The following non-cash transactions have been excluded from the separate statement of cash flows:

Depreciation included in cost of construction in progress

The amount of depreciation for the six months ended 30 June 2013 included in construction in progress was 4,697 thousand Tenge (for the six months ended 30 June 2012: 6,627 thousand Tenge).

Offset of the taxes

For the six months ended 30 June 2013, the Company has made an offset of CIT payable with prepayments of other taxes to the amount of 131,748 thousand Tenge (for the six months ended 30 June 2012: 112,727 thousand Tenge).

The accounting policy and explanatory notes on pages 7 through 23 form an integral part of these interim condensed separate financial statements.

General Director



Kabyldin K.M.
KazTransOil

Chief Accountant



Akhmedina A.S.

INTERIM SEPARATE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	Share capital	Asset revaluation reserve	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Total
As at 1 January 2013 (audited)	61,937,567	117,159,149	17,169	181,317,317	360,431,202
Profit for the period	—	—	—	33,393,059	33,393,059
Other comprehensive income	—	(5,100)	—	—	(5,100)
Total comprehensive income for the period	—	(5,100)	—	33,393,059	33,387,959
Depreciation transfer of revalued property, plant and equipment	—	(4,095,771)	—	4,095,771	—
Dividends	—	—	—	(28,847,670)	(28,847,670)
As at 30 June 2013 (unaudited)	61,937,567	113,058,278	17,169	189,958,477	364,971,491
As at 1 January 2012 (audited)	34,617,204	106,785,731	17,169	207,187,797	348,607,901
Profit for the period	—	—	—	13,250,953	13,250,953
Other comprehensive income	—	(95)	—	—	(95)
Total comprehensive income for the period	—	(95)	—	13,250,953	13,250,858
Depreciation transfer of revalued property, plant and equipment	—	(4,601,660)	—	4,601,660	—
As at 30 June 2012 (unaudited)	34,617,204	102,183,976	17,169	225,040,410	361,858,759

The accounting policy and explanatory notes on pages 7 through 23 form an integral part of these interim condensed separate financial statements.

General Director



Kabyldin K.M.

KazTransOil

Akhmedina A.S.

Chief Accountant

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. GENERAL

On 2 May 2001, the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan issued a resolution to create a new closed joint stock company National Company "Transportation of Oil and Gas" ("TNG") owned by the Government. Based on that resolution, the Committee for State Property and Privatization of the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Kazakhstan transferred the KazTransOil NOTC CJSC shares to TNG, and, as a result, KazTransOil NOTC CJSC was re-registered and renamed KazTransOil Closed Joint Stock Company.

On 31 May 2004, in accordance with the requirements of Kazakhstani legislation, Closed Joint Stock Company "KazTransOil" was re-registered as "KazTransOil" Joint Stock Company (the "Company").

As of 30 June 2013, National Company KazMunayGas JSC ("KMG" or the "Parent Company") is a major shareholder of the Company (90 %). KMG is owned by "Sovereign Wealth Fund Samruk-Kazyna" JSC ("Samruk-Kazyna"), which is controlled by the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan. In 2012 the Company performed a share split in proportion 1:10, as a result of which the number of authorized shares has increased from 34,617,204 to 346,172,040, however, share capital has not changed (34,617,204 thousand Tenge). Thereafter, the Company increased the number of authorized shares by 38,463,560 (10% from total amount of 384,635,600 shares), with a purpose to place them on the Kazakhstan Stock Exchange under the "People's IPO" program. Trades in the shares of JSC "KazTransOil" on the Kazakhstan Stock Exchange were opened on 25 December 2012. As a result, 38,463,559 common shares at 725 Tenge per share were sold for 27,886,080 thousand Tenge.

As at 30 June 2013 and 31 December 2012 the Company had interest ownership in the following companies:

		Place of incorporation	Principal activities	Ownership	
				30 June 2013	31 December 2012
"SZTK MunaiTas" JSC ("MunaiTas")	Joint ventures	Kazakhstan	Oil transportation	51%	51%
"Kazakhstan-China Pipeline" LLP ("KCP")	Joint ventures	Kazakhstan	Oil transportation	50%	50%
"Batumi Capital Partners Limited" ("BCPL")	Subsidiary	Cyprus*	Forwarding, transshipment and storage of oil and oil products	50%*	50%*
"Batumi Industrial Holdings Limited" ("BIHL")	Subsidiary	Cyprus*	Forwarding, transshipment and storage of oil and oil products and operating of Batumi Sea Port and Oil Terminal	100%*	100%*

* Main activities of BCPL and BIHL are carried out by their subsidiaries located in Georgia. BIHL directly owns 50% of BCPL. Accordingly, the Company directly and indirectly, through its subsidiary BIHL, owns 100% of BCPL.

The Company's head office is located in Astana, Kazakhstan, at 19 Kabanbay Batyr Avenue. The Company has 4 branches, which are located in Atyrau (Western branch), Pavlodar (Eastern branch), Almaty (Research and Development Centre), Astana (Computing Centre) and representative offices in the Russian Federation (Moscow, Omsk and Samara) and Ukraine (Kiev).

The Company operates network of main oil pipelines of 5,503 km and water pipelines of 2,148 km within the Republic of Kazakhstan. Also the Company is engaged in storage, loading, transshipment or transfer of crude oil to other related pipeline systems. Company's joint ventures MunaiTas and KCP own Kenkiyak-Atyrau, Kenkiyak-Kumkol and Atasu-Alashankou pipelines used for transportation of Kazakhstani crude oil to China. Company's subsidiary BIHL owns Batumi Oil Terminal and has controlling interest of Batumi Sea Port, main activity of which is storage and transshipment of oil cargoes.

The Company is a natural monopolist and, accordingly, is subject to regulation of the Agency of the Republic of Kazakhstan for Regulation of Natural Monopolies ("NMRA"). This agency is responsible for approving the methodology for calculating the tariff and tariff rates, which serves as a base for receiving major part of Company's revenue in Republic of Kazakhstan. In general, rates are based on the cost of capital return on operating assets. In accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan on regulation of natural monopolies, rates cannot be lower than the cost of the expenditure required to provide services, and to consider the possibility of making a profit, providing the effective functioning of a natural monopoly.

On 1 December 2012 NMRA increased tariffs for oil transportation on domestic and export markets: the tariff for the domestic market for the transportation of one ton of oil per 1,000 km has been increased from 1,303 Tenge to 1,954.5 Tenge; tariff of oil transportation on export has been increased from 3,331 Tenge to 4,732.6 Tenge for 1 ton of oil per 1,000 km.

These interim condensed separate financial statements for six months ended 30 June 2013 were approved for issue by the General Director and the Chief Accountant of the Company on 5 August 2013.

**NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(continued)**

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES**Basis of preparation of financial statements**

These interim condensed separate financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2013 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* ("IFRS 34").

These interim condensed separate financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for: property plant and equipment which are stated at revalued amounts and financial assets that have been measured at fair value.

Interim condensed separate financial statements do not include all information and disclosures required for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012.

The interim condensed separate financial statements are presented in Tenge and all values are rounded to the nearest thousands, except when otherwise indicated.

Foreign currency translation

Weighted average currency exchange rates established by the Kazakhstan Stock Exchange ("KASE") are used as official currency exchange rates in the Republic of Kazakhstan. As at 30 June 2013 and 31 December 2012, the currency exchange rate of KASE was 151.65 and 150.74 Tenge to USD 1, respectively.

New standards, interpretations and amendments thereof, adopted by the Company

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed separate financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012, except for the adoption of new standards and interpretations as of 1 January 2013.

The Company applies, for the first time, certain standards and amendments that require restatement of previous financial statements. These include IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements*, IFRS 11 *Joint Arrangements*, IAS 19 (revised 2011) *Employee Benefits*, IFRS 13 *Fair Value Measurement* and amendments to IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*. As required by IAS 34, the nature and the effect of these changes are disclosed below. In addition, the application of IFRS 12 *Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities* would result in additional disclosures in the annual separate financial statements. These standards and amendments do not impact the interim condensed separate financial statements of the Company.

The nature and the impact of each new standard/amendment are described below:

IAS 1 Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income – Amendments to IAS 1

The amendments to IAS 1 introduce a grouping of items presented in other comprehensive income (OCI). Items that could be reclassified (or recycled) to profit or loss at a future point in time (e.g., net gain on hedge of net investment, exchange differences on translation of foreign operations, net movement on cash flow hedges and net loss or gain on available-for-sale financial assets) now have to be presented separately from items that will never be reclassified (e.g., actuarial gains and losses on defined benefit plans and revaluation of land and buildings). The amendment affected presentation only and had no impact on the Company's financial position or performance.

IAS 1 Clarification of the Requirement for Comparative Information (Amendment)

The amendment to IAS 1 clarifies the difference between voluntary additional comparative information and the minimum required comparative information. An entity must include comparative information in the related notes to the financial statements when it voluntarily provides comparative information beyond the minimum required comparative period. The additional voluntarily comparative information does not need to be presented in a complete set of financial statements. An opening statement of financial position (known as the "third balance sheet") must be presented when an entity applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes retrospective restatements, or reclassifies items in its financial statements, provided any of those changes has a material effect on the statement of financial position at the beginning of the preceding period. The amendment clarifies that a third balance sheet does not have to be accompanied by comparative information in the related notes. Under IAS 34, the minimum items required for interim condensed financial statements do not include a third balance sheet.

**NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(continued)**

**2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING
POLICIES (continued)****New standards, interpretations and amendments thereof, adopted by the Company (continued)***IAS 32 Tax Effects of Distributions to Holders of Equity Instruments (Amendment)*

The amendment to IAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* clarifies that income taxes arising from distributions to equity holders are accounted for in accordance with IAS 12 *Income Taxes*. The amendment removes existing income tax requirements from IAS 32 and requires entities to apply the requirements in IAS 12 to any income tax arising from distributions to equity holders. The amendment did not have an impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the Company, as there is no tax consequences attached to cash or non-cash distribution.

IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and Segment Information for Total Assets and Liabilities (Amendment)

The amendment clarifies the requirements in IAS 34 relating to segment information for total assets and liabilities for each reportable segment to enhance consistency with the requirements in IFRS 8 *Operating Segments*. Total assets and liabilities for a reportable segment need to be disclosed only when the amounts are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker and there has been a material change in the total amount disclosed in the entity's previous annual consolidated financial statements for that reportable segment.

IAS 19 Employee Benefits (revised 2011) (IAS 19R)

IAS 19 includes a number of amendments to the accounting for defined benefit plans, including actuarial gains and losses that are now recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI) and permanently excluded from profit and loss; expected returns on plan assets that are no longer recognised in profit or loss, instead, there is a requirement to recognise interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) in profit or loss, calculated using the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation, and; unvested past service costs are now recognised in profit or loss at the earlier of when the amendment occurs or when the related restructuring or termination costs are recognised. Other amendments include new disclosures, such as, quantitative sensitivity disclosures. The amendment did not affect the interim condensed separate financial statements.

IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities – Amendments to IFRS 7

The amendment requires an entity to disclose information about rights to set-off financial instruments and related arrangements (e.g., collateral agreements). The disclosures would provide users with information that is useful in evaluating the effect of netting arrangements on an entity's financial position. The new disclosures are required for all recognised financial instruments that are set off in accordance with IAS 32. The disclosures also apply to recognised financial instruments that are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement, irrespective of whether the financial instruments are set off in accordance with IAS 32. As the Company is not setting off financial instruments in accordance with IAS 32 and does not have relevant offsetting arrangements, the amendment does not have an impact on the Company.

IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements

IFRS 10 establishes a single control model that applies to all entities including special purpose entities. IFRS 10 replaces the parts of previously existing IAS 27 *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements* that dealt with consolidated financial statements and SIC-12 *Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities*. IFRS 10 changes the definition of control such that an investor controls an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. To meet the definition of control in IFRS 10, all three criteria must be met, including:

- (a) an investor has power over an investee;
- (b) the investor has exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- (c) the investor has the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns.

IFRS 10 had no impact on the financial statement of the Company.

**NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(continued)**

**2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING
POLICIES (continued)****New standards, interpretations and amendments thereof, adopted by the Company (continued)***IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements and IAS 28 Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures*

IFRS 11 replaces IAS 31 *Interests in Joint Ventures* and SIC-13 *Jointly-controlled Entities – Non-monetary Contributions by Venturers*. IFRS 11 removes the option to account for jointly controlled entities (JCEs) using proportionate consolidation. Instead, JCEs that meet the definition of a joint venture under IFRS 11 must be accounted for using the equity method. IFRS 11 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. Application of this standard did not impact the financial position of the Company, as this method is being applied in relation to joint ventures since 1 January 2009.

IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

IFRS 12 sets out the requirements for disclosures relating to an entity's interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and structured entities. None of these disclosure requirements are applicable for interim condensed separate financial statements, unless significant events and transactions in the interim period requires that they are provided. Accordingly, the Company has not made such disclosures.

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

IFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance under IFRS for all fair value measurements. IFRS 13 does not change when an entity is required to use fair value, but rather provides guidance on how to measure fair value under IFRS when fair value is required or permitted. The application of IFRS 13 has not materially impacted the fair value measurements carried out by the Company.

IFRS 13 also requires specific disclosures on fair values, some of which replace existing disclosure requirements in other standards, including IFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures*. Some of these disclosures are specifically required for financial instruments by IAS 34.16A(j), thereby affecting the interim condensed separate financial statements period. The Company disclosed required information in *Note 32*.

In addition to the above-mentioned amendments and new standards, IFRS 1 *First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards* was amended with effect for reporting periods starting on or after 1 January 2013. The Company is not a first-time adopter of IFRS, therefore, this amendment is not relevant to the Company.

The Company has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

3. SEASONALITY OF OPERATIONS

The Company's operating costs are subject to seasonal fluctuations, with higher expenses for materials and repair, maintenance and other services usually expected in the latter part of the year than in the first two quarters. These fluctuations are mainly due to the pipeline repairs that are performed mainly during the second part of the year.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	Land	Pipelines	Trans- portation assets	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Techno- logical oil	Other	Construction in progress	Total
Net book value as at 31 December 2012 (audited)	3,441,667	94,187,717	4,157,010	57,829,026	51,137,624	82,892,325	9,852,584	22,482,950	335,980,903
Additions	6,249	2,904	120,046	216,881	340,409	2,199	542,417	2,982,206	4,213,311
Disposals	(13,443)	(38,812)	(47,902)	(125,519)	(181,431)	(252)	(136,081)	(4,286)	(547,706)
Depreciation	-	(4,874,989)	(463,874)	(2,667,254)	(4,185,012)	-	(1,293,575)	-	(13,484,704)
Accumulated depreciation on disposals	-	28,006	47,631	98,726	178,965	-	126,299	-	479,857
Impairment (included in net profit)	-	-	-	(13,103)	(1,999)	-	-	(29,087)	(44,189)
Recovery of impairment reserve (included in net profit)	-	1,361	-	2,853	769	-	-	762	5,745
Revaluation (revaluation reserve)	-	-	-	-	-	1,357	-	-	1,357
Impairment (revaluation reserve)	-	(512)	-	(7,126)	(93)	-	-	-	(7,731)
Transfer from construction-in-progress	5,008	2,849,886	105	110,494	314,166	-	74,002	(3,353,661)	-
Transfer to intangible assets (Note 5)	-	-	-	-	(477)	-	(205)	-	(682)
Transfer to non-current assets, held for sale	-	-	-	(473,488)	-	-	-	-	(473,488)
Transfers and reclassifications	-	3,247	-	8,600	24,232	-	(36,682)	603	-
Net book value as at 30 June 2013 (unaudited)	3,439,481	92,158,808	3,813,216	54,980,090	57,627,183	82,895,629	9,128,779	22,079,487	326,122,673
As at 30 June 2013 (unaudited)									
At fair value	3,439,481	120,597,467	6,665,631	70,676,130	80,358,426	82,895,629	14,696,122	22,079,487	401,408,373
Accumulated depreciation	-	(28,438,659)	(2,852,415)	(15,698,040)	(22,731,243)	-	(5,567,343)	-	(75,285,700)
Net book value	3,439,481	92,158,808	3,813,216	54,980,090	57,627,183	82,895,629	9,128,779	22,079,487	326,122,673
As at 31 December 2012 (audited)									
At fair value	3,441,667	117,778,752	6,605,277	70,938,472	79,858,102	82,892,325	14,257,787	22,482,950	398,305,332
Accumulated depreciation	-	(23,591,035)	(2,448,267)	(13,159,446)	(18,720,478)	-	(4,405,203)	-	(62,324,429)
Net book value	3,441,667	94,187,717	4,157,010	57,829,026	61,137,624	82,892,325	9,852,584	22,482,950	335,980,903

As at 30 June 2013 and 31 December 2012, CIP mainly includes production projects under construction: main oil pipelines, (including construction of main oil pipeline Kumkol-Karakoin, realized as a part of interstate Kazakhstan-China oil pipeline construction project), reconstruction of firefighting system, reconstruction of electricity supply systems and other.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

5. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	Licenses	Software	Other	Total
Net book value as at 31 December 2012 (audited)	209,936	1,058,027	30,802	1,298,765
Additions	3,806	79,515	–	83,321
Transfer from property, plant and equipment (Note 4)	–	682	–	682
Disposals	–	(101,837)	–	(101,837)
Accumulated amortization on disposals	–	101,836	–	101,836
Amortization	(35,452)	(162,405)	(1,197)	(199,054)
Transfers and reclassifications	1,820	(1,820)	–	–
Net book value as at 30 June 2013 (unaudited)	180,110	973,998	29,605	1,183,713
As at 30 June 2013 (unaudited)				
At cost	396,743	3,965,154	76,048	4,437,946
Accumulated amortization	(216,633)	(2,991,156)	(46,443)	(3,254,233)
Net book value	180,110	973,998	29,605	1,183,713
As at 31 December 2012 (audited)				
At cost	391,117	3,988,615	76,048	4,455,780
Accumulated amortization	(181,181)	(2,930,588)	(45,246)	(3,157,015)
Net book value	209,936	1,058,027	30,802	1,298,765

6. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
BIHL	39,061,750	39,061,750
Less: impairment of investments in BIHL	(16,094,547)	(16,094,547)
	22,967,203	22,967,203
BCPL	8,012,800	8,012,800
Less: impairment of investments in BCPL	(2,771,139)	(2,771,139)
	5,241,661	5,241,661
	28,208,864	28,208,864

7. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
KCP	6,500,000	6,500,000
MunaiTas	904,945	904,945
	7,404,945	7,404,945

8. ADVANCES TO SUPPLIERS FOR PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Advances to third parties for property, plant and equipment	913,933	444,977
Less: allowance for doubtful debts	(99,330)	(99,330)
	814,603	345,647

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

9. INVENTORIES

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Spare parts	1,522,132	886,074
Fuel	689,505	571,313
Chemical reagents	426,894	89,053
Construction materials	355,586	92,746
Commodity	40,997	76,248
Other	458,629	210,541
Less: provision for slow-moving and obsolete inventory	(35,904)	(46,420)
	3,457,839	1,879,555

10. TRADE AND OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Trade accounts receivable from related parties (Note 30)	3,231,789	1,025,450
Trade accounts receivable from third parties	840,403	578,276
Other accounts receivable from third parties	638,931	825,882
Other accounts receivable from related parties (Note 30)	7,286	198,917
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(601,605)	(575,174)
	4,116,804	2,053,351

Movement in allowance for doubtful accounts in regards trade and other receivables is as follows:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	For six months ended 30 June	
	2013 (unaudited)	2012 (unaudited)
As at 1 January (audited)	575,174	75,220
Charge for the year	26,431	29,886
Reinstatement of accounts receivable with related provision	–	409,710
Reclassification	–	2
As at 30 June (unaudited)	601,605	514,818

The current amounts of the Company's trade and other accounts receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Tenge	4,116,804	2,052,571
Russian rubles	–	780
	4,116,804	2,053,351

11. ADVANCES TO SUPPLIERS

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Advances to third parties	740,131	154,913
Advances to related parties (Note 30)	449,939	221,910
Less: allowance for doubtful debts	(1,452)	(1,482)
	1,188,618	375,341

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

11. ADVANCES TO SUPPLIERS (continued)

Movement in allowance for doubtful debts in regards advances given to suppliers is as follows:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	For six months ended 30 June	
	2013	2012
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
As at 1 January (audited)	1,482	1,384
Reversal of reserve	(30)	(2,165)
Reinstatement of advances with related provision	—	847
Write-off of allowance for doubtful debts	—	1,636
As at 30 June (unaudited)	1,452	1,702

12. VAT RECOVERABLE AND OTHER PREPAID TAXES

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013	31 December 2012
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Withholding tax	42,431	—
VAT recoverable	11,730	11,730
Other taxes prepaid	21,701	104,534
	75,862	116,264

13. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013	31 December 2012
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Due for oil transportation coordination services	2,000,225	4,284,419
Prepaid insurance	260,779	34,635
Due from employees	51,274	20,212
Deferred expenses to related parties (Note 30)	521	—
Deferred expenses to third parties	125	173
Less: allowance for doubtful debts	(2,616)	(2,616)
	2,310,308	4,336,823

14. BANK DEPOSITS

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013	31 December 2012
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Short-term bank deposits	53,000,000	53,000,000
Accrued interest on deposits	772,392	84,676
Long-term bank deposits	520,218	—
	54,292,610	53,084,676

As at June 30, 2013 bank deposits comprised of the following:

- Short-term deposits denominated in Tenge placed with Kazakhstani banks with maturity from 9 to 12 months (December 31, 2012: 3 to 12 months), which earn interest of from 3.7% to 6.1% per annum (December 31, 2012: from 3% to 7% per annum), maturing in June 2014, (December 31, 2012: December 2013).
- Long-term deposits, restricted in use, with interest rate 2% per annum and maturity year 2028, ensure the mortgage loan of "Halyk Bank of Kazakhstan" JSC given to the employees of the Company.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

15. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Time deposits with banks – Tenge	36,000,000	10,000,000
Current accounts with banks – Tenge	22,183,664	8,114,269
Current accounts with banks – Russian rubles	698	4,759
Current accounts with banks – US Dollars	–	948
Other current accounts with banks	11,330	10,104
Cash on hand	1,956	2,280
	58,197,648	18,132,360

As at 30 June 2013 most current accounts and time deposits up to 3 months placed with Kazakhstani banks carried interest ranging from 1.7% to 4.5% per annum (31 December 2012: from 1.65% to 4% per annum).

16. EQUITY

Share capital

As at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 the Company's share capital was comprised of 384,635,600 common shares authorized, from which 384,653,599 were issued and fully paid, in the amount of 62,503,284 thousand Tenge.

As at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 the Company's share capital amounting to 61,937,567 thousand Tenge is net of consulting costs related to the issuance of shares in the amount of 565,717 thousand Tenge.

Dividends

On annual general meeting of shareholders held on 28 May 2013, it was decided to pay out dividends on common shares in the amount of 28,847,670 thousand Tenge (75 Tenge per share), of which 25,962,903 thousand Tenge related to the parent Company JSC "NC"KazMunaiGas" (Note 30).

17. DEFERRED INCOME

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Deferred income from related parties (Note 30)	416,487	572,670
	416,487	572,670

18. TRADE AND OTHER ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Accounts payable to third parties for goods and services	3,680,072	5,679,172
Accounts payable to related parties for goods and services (Note 30)	389,432	597,352
Other payables to third parties	183,877	269,141
	4,253,381	6,545,665

Trade and other accounts payables are denominated as follows:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Tenge	4,238,468	6,274,570
Russian rubles	10,187	58,192
US Dollars	4,707	203,122
Other currency	19	9,781
	4,253,381	6,545,665

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

19. ADVANCES RECEIVED

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Advances received from related parties (Note 30)	9,872,673	10,426,287
Advances received from third parties	5,054,501	5,527,676
	14,927,174	15,953,963

20. OTHER TAXES PAYABLE

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
VAT payable	1,206,538	292,403
Personal income tax	200,064	263,962
Social tax	171,161	222,901
Property tax	—	55,985
Other taxes	20,723	42,710
	1,598,486	877,961

21. PROVISIONS

Movements in provisions were represented as follows:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	Environmental provision	Provision on apartments	Others	Total
As at 31 December 2012	167,477	—	11,814	179,291
Charged for the period	—	45,467	—	45,467
Use of provision	(8,608)	(24,780)	(11,814)	(45,202)
As at 30 June 2013	158,869	20,687	—	179,556

On February 27, 2013 the Board of Directors adopted Rules on granting apartments to employees of "KazTransOil" JSC. Thus, as of 30 June 2013 the Company has accrued a provision for the obligation to provide apartments free of charge to employees, who have reached retirement age, and also to those who will achieve this age during 2013-2020, in the amount of 45,467 thousand Tenge, which is equal to the carrying value of apartments to be provided.

Asset retirement obligation

According to the Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan "About the main pipeline", which came into force on July 4 2012 the Group has a legal obligation to decommission the main pipeline (oil pipeline) after the operation and subsequent activities to restore the environment, including land rehabilitation.

Also long-term liabilities include provision on liquidation of waste disposal landfill. Provision was created in accordance with the requirements of the Environmental Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan, under which the owner of the waste disposal landfill creates a liquidation fund for land rehabilitation and monitoring of the environmental impact after closure of the landfill. The same paragraph prohibits the operation of the landfill without a liquidation fund. The amount of provision for the liquidation of the landfill is based on the discounted amount of related future expenses that will be incurred at the date of actual liquidation of the landfill. The interest rate on government securities (treasury bills) was applied as a discount rate.

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	Provision on asset retirement obligation
As at December 31, 2012	15,531,037
Charged for the period	189,263
Unwinding of discount on asset retirement obligation (Note 28)	484,306
As at June 30, 2013	16,204,606

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

22. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Accounts payable for oil transportation coordination services to related parties (Note 30)	3,202,631	4,839,624
Salaries and wages	2,806,491	2,682,879
Accounts Payable for oil transportation coordination services to third parties	2,741,506	3,190,974
Current portion of deferred income from related parties (Note 30)	312,365	312,365
Payable to pension funds	271,529	338,898
	9,334,522	11,364,740

23. REVENUE

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	For six months ended 30 June	
	2013 (unaudited)	2012 (unaudited)
Crude oil transportation	75,529,698	50,571,345
Pipeline operation services	3,202,250	2,952,097
Water transportation	3,154,202	3,195,766
Oil transportation coordination services	354,582	365,358
Oil storage services	85,053	60,186
Other	48,927	160,366
	82,374,712	57,305,118

For the six months ended June 30, 2013 the revenue from the major customer amounted to 19,965,006 thousand Tenge. (For the six months ended June 30, 2012 revenue from two major customers: 13,676,606 thousand Tenge, 8,215,120 thousand Tenge).

24. COST OF SALES

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	For six months ended 30 June	
	2013 (unaudited)	2012 (unaudited)
Depreciation and amortization	13,403,965	12,771,534
Personnel cost	13,254,099	11,898,691
Electric energy	2,943,324	2,452,080
Taxes other than corporate income tax	2,237,508	1,962,471
Repair and maintenance costs	1,600,993	1,506,397
Security services	1,574,864	1,686,842
Materials and fuel	1,541,340	1,544,816
Gas expenses	1,240,900	1,292,782
Air services	679,250	943,013
Business trip expenses	353,888	302,237
Post-employment benefits	215,935	139,120
Insurance	165,073	204,316
Communication services	112,035	101,145
Environmental protection	76,263	387,679
Diagnostics of pipelines	21,136	7,012
Rent expenses	—	4,921
Other	507,086	924,962
	39,927,659	38,130,018

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

25. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	For six months ended 30 June	
	2013 (unaudited)	2012 (unaudited)
Personnel costs	2,169,980	1,883,670
Depreciation and amortization	275,096	275,050
Office maintenance	143,086	157,876
Expenses on VAT	133,508	108,205
Charity expenses	108,976	21,500
Social sphere expenses	102,645	120,712
Insurance and security	101,970	114,983
Taxes other than corporate income tax	94,496	186,287
Business trip expenses	83,818	54,028
Repair and technical maintenance	75,899	77,301
Consulting	65,730	393,108
Bank costs	45,808	42,186
Communication services	45,072	37,504
Information expenses	31,584	29,012
Provision for allowance for doubtful debts (Note 10, 11)	26,401	29,357
Materials and fuel	25,389	26,916
Training	25,346	36,962
Rent expense	19,063	15,857
Advertising expense	16,898	8,796
Post-employment benefits	14,065	8,881
Reversal of provision for obsolete and slow-moving inventories	(4,456)	(1,861)
Other	140,656	168,961
	3,741,030	3,795,291

26. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	For six months ended 30 June	
	2013 (unaudited)	2012 (unaudited)
Income from fines and penalties	1,198,752	145,254
Derecognition of financial guarantee issued to joint ventures	177,743	—
Amortization of deferred income from related parties (Note 30)	156,182	156,182
Income from disposal of asset held for sale	84,650	—
Amortization of financial guarantee issued to joint ventures (Note 30)	26,463	68,278
Gain on disposal of inventory	—	15,560
Gain on contract termination	—	87,956
Other	43,155	98,097
	1,686,945	571,326

In March 2013 MunaiTas has early repaid its obligation to EBRD under the loan agreement and obligations of the Company as a guarantor for the loan was terminated. Respectively, the Company derecognized the remaining amount of unamortized guarantee liability during the six months ended 30 June 2013 (Note 31).

Income from fines and penalties are mainly presented by amounts for nominated and non-delivered crude oil volumes under oil transportation contracts on "ship or pay" terms.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

27. FINANCE INCOME

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	For six months ended 30 June	
	2013 (unaudited)	2012 (unaudited)
Interest income on bank deposits	1,677,592	1,010,526
Dividend income from joint ventures (Note 30)	453,584	–
Loans to employees: unwinding of discount	16,109	11,201
Other finance income from related party (Note 30)	–	19,203
	2,147,285	1,040,930

28. FINANCE COSTS

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	For six months ended 30 June	
	2013 (unaudited)	2012 (unaudited)
Unwinding of discount on asset retirement obligation	484,306	–
Employee benefits: unwinding of discount	186,000	81,500
Other finance costs from related party (Note 30)	–	7,362
	670,306	88,862

29. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	For six months ended 30 June	
	2013 (unaudited)	2012 (unaudited)
Current income tax expense	10,131,373	4,604,529
Deferred income tax benefit	(1,795,618)	(1,344,939)
Income tax expense	8,335,755	3,259,590

30. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In accordance with IAS 24 *Related Party Disclosures*, parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions. In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, not merely the legal form.

Related party transactions were made on terms agreed to between the parties that may not necessarily be at market rates, except for certain regulated services, which are provided based on the tariffs available to related and third parties.

The following tables provide the total amount of transactions, which have been entered into with related parties during six months ended 30 June 2013 and 30 June 2012 and the related balances as at 30 June 2013 and 31 December 2012:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Trade and other accounts receivable from related parties		
Trade accounts receivable from joint ventures	2,647,321	471,451
Trade accounts receivable from entities under common control of KMG	583,621	553,811
Trade accounts receivable from entities under common control of Samruk-Kazyna Group	847	188
	3,231,789	1,025,450
Other accounts receivables from entities under common control of KMG and Samruk-Kazyna Group	7,286	198,917
Total trade and other accounts receivable from related parties	3,239,075	1,224,367

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

30. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Trade and other accounts receivables from related parties are as follows:

Advances provided to related parties are as follows:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Advances given to related parties		
Advances given to entities under common control of KMG	370,629	219,298
Advances given to entities under common control of Samruk-Kazyna Group	79,310	2,612
Advances given to other related parties	–	–
Total advances paid to related parties	449,939	221,910

Prepaid expenses on transactions with related parties are as follows:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Prepaid expenses on transactions with related parties		
Prepaid expenses on transactions with related parties	521	–
	521	–

Fair value of financial guarantee issued on behalf of joint ventures:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Financial guarantee issued on behalf of related parties		
Financial guarantee issued on behalf of joint ventures	–	199,654
Total financial guarantee issued on behalf of related parties	–	199,654

Deferred income to related parties is as follows:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Non-current deferred income from related parties		
Non-current deferred income from entities under common control of KMG	416,487	572,670
Total other non-current deferred income from related parties	416,487	572,670
Current portion of deferred income from related parties		
Current portion of deferred income from entities under common control of KMG	312,365	312,365
Total other current deferred income from related parties	312,365	312,365

Trade and other accounts payable to related parties are as follows:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Accounts payables to related parties for goods and services		
Accounts payables to entities under common control of KMG	375,413	567,859
Accounts payables to entities under common control of Samruk-Kazyna Group	14,019	28,924
	389,432	596,783
Other payables to related parties		
Other payables to entities under common control of Samruk-Kazyna Group	–	569
	–	569
Total trade and other accounts payable to related parties	389,432	597,352

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

30. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Advances received from related parties are as follows:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Advances received from related parties		
Advances from entities under common control of KMG	8,493,671	9,143,441
Advances from entities under common control of Samruk-Kazyna Group	1,378,981	1,282,846
Advances from joint ventures	21	—
Total advances received from related parties	9,872,673	10,426,287

Dividends payable to related party is as follows:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Dividends payable to related party		
Dividends payable to KMG	25,962,903	—
Total dividends payable to related party	25,962,903	—

Other current liabilities to related parties are as follows:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	30 June 2013 (unaudited)	31 December 2012 (audited)
Accounts payable for oil transportation expedition for related parties		
Accounts payable for oil transportation expedition for entities under common control of KMG	3,202,631	4,839,624
	3,202,631	4,839,624
Employee benefits of key management personnel		
Employee benefits of key management personnel	6,301	19,940
	6,301	19,940

During six months ended 30 June the Company had the following transactions with related parties:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	For six months ended 30 June	
	2013 (unaudited)	2012 (unaudited)
Sales to related parties		
Income from main activities with entities under common control of KMG	45,845,348	31,873,796
Income from main activities with entities under common control of Samruk-Kazyna Group	5,617,044	2,847,582
Income from main activities with joint ventures	2,698,137	2,463,284
Income from other activities with entities under common control of KMG	66,119	10,643
Income from other activities with entities under common control of Samruk-Kazyna Group	89	—
Income from other activities with joint ventures	—	4,209
	54,226,737	37,199,514

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

30. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	For six months ended 30 June	
	2013 (unaudited)	2013 (unaudited)
Purchases from related parties		
Purchases of services from entities under common control of KMG	3,967,413	3,724,254
Purchases of services from entities under common control of Samruk-Kazyna Group	611,626	480,423
Purchases of inventory from entities under common control of KMG	67,154	—
Purchases of inventory from entities under common control of Samruk-Kazyna Group	4,627	—
	4,650,820	4,204,677

Financial income of the Company on transactions with related parties is as follows:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	For six months ended 30 June	
	2013 (unaudited)	2012 (unaudited)
Financial income from related parties		
Dividend income from MunaiTas	453,584	—
Other finance income from related party	—	19,203
	453,584	19,203

Financial cost of the Company on transactions with related parties is as follows:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	For six months ended 30 June	
	2013 (unaudited)	2012 (unaudited)
Financial cost from related parties		
Other finance cost from related party	—	7,362
	—	7,362

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	For six months ended 30 June	
	2013 (unaudited)	2012 (unaudited)
Amortization of income from related parties		
Amortization of deferred income from related parties	156,182	156,182
Amortization of financial guarantee issued to related party	26,463	68,278
	182,645	224,460

The total remuneration of members of the key management personnel comprised:

<i>In thousands of Tenge</i>	For six months ended 30 June	
	2013 (unaudited)	2012 (unaudited)
Bonuses	143,509	—
Salary	88,371	80,690
Other short-term benefits	3,601	3,601
Post-employment benefits	208	120
	235,689	84,411
Number of persons	7	7

**NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(continued)**

31. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

Contingent liabilities and commitments of the Company are disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012. During six months ended 30 June 2013, there were no significant transactions except for the following:

Covenants*Guarantees*

On 29 July 2004 MunaiTas (joint venture of the Company) and Eurasian Bank of Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) entered into credit agreement in the amount of 81,600,000 USD. This amount was guaranteed by the Contract dated 29 July 2004, signed by EBRD and the Company, who acted as a guarantor.

In March 2013 MunaiTas has repaid its obligation to EBRD under the loan agreement and obligations of the Company under the Contract as guarantor was terminated.

Contractual commitments

As at 30 June 2013, the Company had contractual obligations to acquire property, plant and equipment, and construction services for the amount of 12,870,447 thousand Tenge (31 December 2012: 5,607,369 thousand Tenge). In addition, as at 30 June 2013, the Company has committed to purchase inventory (materials and spare parts) and services for the amount of 14,617,556 thousand Tenge (31 December 2012: 1,948,794 thousand Tenge).

32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise of trade and other payables, and other financial liabilities. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to raise finance for the Company's operations. The Company has trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents that arrive directly from its operations.

Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying amount of cash, bank deposits, trade and other accounts receivable, trade and other accounts payable and other current liabilities approximates their fair value due to the short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

33. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**Dividends**

On 4 July 2013 the Company paid out dividends in the amount of 28,847,670 thousand Tenge (75 Tenge per share), of which 25,962,903 thousand Tenge related to the parent Company JSC "NC"KazMunaiGas" (Note 30).